

Strengthening our Global Community Through Local Action

Douglas C. Comer, Ph.D. US/ICOMOS President







Founded in 1965, the mission of ICOMOS has been to promote the application of theory, methodology, and scientific techniques to the conservation of architectural and archaeological heritage



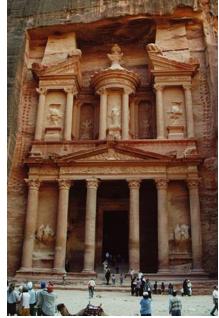
ICOMOS France will act as the focal point for ICOMOS on this matter: it will collect the information available and represent ICOMOS at the national level

March 11, 2019, before the fire. Note roof scaffolding. The façade with bellowers stand even now.

Notre Dame still stands, let us approach the restoration cautiously

The United States National Committee of ICOMOS

- US/ICOMOS is the United States
 National Committee of the International Council on Monuments and Sites (ICOMOS). It was the first national committee.
- ICOMOS might be known best as the body that advises the World Heritage Committee on the inscription of cultural sites nominated to the World Heritage List.
- There are 107 national committees and 28 scientific committees



Petra





US/ICOMOS Existing Programs and Activities

- International Exchange Program
 - Exchange of emerging professional from around the world



"My US/ICOMOS internship in Philadelphia was an amazing professional and life experience. It has definitely changed the way I saw myself, my career and specially the way I saw preservation. Today, I'm an architect working with historic preservation, teaching and half way through my PhD in Brazil, and that year in Philadelphia is definitely part of the way that brought me here."

DANIELLA COSTA (IEP'07 Alum, Brazil to USA)
 PhD Candidate, Post-graduation, Program on Architecture,
 Universidade Federal Fluminense-UFF



US/ICOMOS Existing Programs and Activities

Annual Celebration of World Heritage





US/ICOMOS Existing **Programs and Activities**

Annual Conference and Symposium





US/ICOMOS Existing Programs and Activities

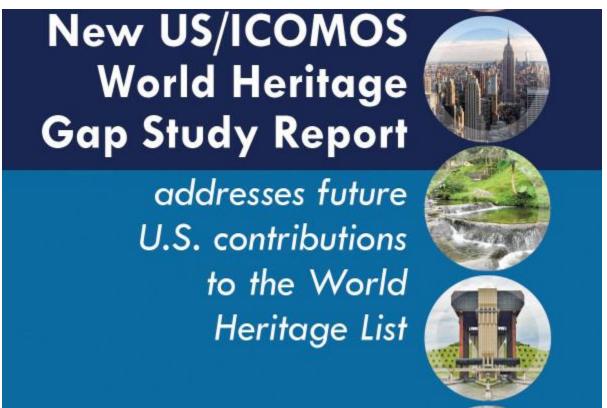
US/ICOMOS and U.S. Committee of the Blue Shield Memorandum of Understanding



Nancy Wilkie, President USCBS and US/ICOMOS, represented by James Reap, US/ICOMOS Executive Committee Member, sign the Memorandum of Understanding



US/ICOMOS Existing Programs and Activities



Ongoing consultations on the US World Heritage Tentative List and with sites on the Tentative List

Looking Forward: US/ICOMOS Involvement with ICOMOS Heritage Leadership

- Scientific Committees
 - Experts who meet to discuss their areas of expertise, resulting in
 - doctrine and the evolution and distribution of ideas



ICOMOS

GA 2017 6-3-3 - Doctrinal Texts Ver. 30/07/2017

SALALAH GUIDELINES FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF PUBLIC ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITES

Adopted by the 19th ICOMOS General Assembly, New Delhi, India, 15 December 2017

PREAMBLE TO GUIDELINES

Archaeological sites are under the rightful control of stakeholders residing in the country and region in which they are located. The guidelines to follow are suggestions made to those stakeholders, should they decide to open an archaeological site to the public. These guidelines are not intended to be regulations or standards, and the many parties that have participated in developing these guidelines hereby declare our opposition to transforming what follows into regulations or standards. The suggestions made in these guidelines are drawn from the collective experience of those who have been engaged with management of publicly accessible archaeological sites in many countries and in different regions around the world. They are offered with the understanding that each country and region is different, and that this cultural diversity enriches the lives of all humans. Any suggestions made in these guidelines that are not consistent with the regional and local cultural stewardship of archaeological sites, and especially those open to visitors, can therefore be modified. Archaeological sites in national park systems around the world and those within World Heritage Sites present particular challenges because the tourism industry markets them as premier destinations. This has become clear in the decades since the ratification of the Convention Concerning the Protection of the World Cultural and Natural Heritage. Since then, similar sets of persistent problems have emerged at archaeological sites open to the public. These guidelines are intended to lessen the likelihood that such problems develop and become irremediable at archaeological sites opened to the public.

US/ICOMOS members are active in ICOMOS Scientific Committees. Many have and are serving as presidents or officers.

List of ICOMOS International Scientific Committees

- ISCARSAH: International committee on Analysis and Restoration of Structures of Architectural Heritage
- ICAHM: International committee on Archaeological Heritage Management ISCCL: International committee on Cultural Landscapes ICOMOS-IFLA CIIC: International committee on Cultural Routes
- ICTC: International committee on Cultural Tourism

ISCEAH: International committee on Earthen Architectural Heritage

ISCEC: International committee on Economics of Conservation ISCES: International committee on Energy and Sustainability

IcoFort: International committee on Fortifications and Military Heritage

CIPA: International committee on Heritage Documentation

CIVVIH: International committee on Historic Towns and Villages

ICIP: International committee on Interpretation and Presentation of Cultural Heritage Sites ICICH: International

committee on Intangible Cultural Heritage

ICLAFI: International committee on Legal, Administrative and Financial Issues

ISCMP: International committee on Mural Painting

PRERICO: International committee on Places of Religion and Ritual

IPHC: International Polar Heritage Committee

ICORP: International committee on Risk Preparedness

CAR: International committee on Rock Art

ISCSBH: International committee on Shared Built Heritage

ISCV: International committee on Stained Glass

ISCS: International committee on Stone

Theophilos: International committee on Theory and Philosophy of Conservation and Restoration CIF: International

committee on Training

ICUCH: International committee on Underwater Cultural Heritage

CIAV: International committee on Vernacular Architecture

IWC: International committee on Wood

ISC20C: International committee on 20th Century Heritage

National Committees

Expressed in National Committee 2018 Annual Reports

What National Committees see as their Role

- Promulgate, advocate for and otherwise and implement
 - ICOMOS doctrine
 - The implementation of the World Heritage Convention

How can NCs enhance input at home and internationally into the ICOMOS mission? The role of NCs is to promulgate and implement

- conservation, protection, use and enhancement of monuments, building complexes and sites;
- Conveying doctrine and the evolution and distribution of ideas developed by SCs.
- 3) Conducting advocacy awareness within their countries on many issues including community involvement, engagement of indigenous heritage groups, unregulated tourism, looting, insensitive development, and other destructive activities.

It started with the Venice Charter

- Initially, this work was tied closely to the 1964 International Charter on the Conservation and Restoration of Monuments and Sites (better known as the Venice Charter).
- Coincidentally, used to guide restoration after the disastrous floods in Venice and Florence in 1966.
- Views monuments as historical records as well as works of art



Doge's Palace, Venice, 1966

A cultural benchmark, young people flocked to Venice and Florence to assist, called the "mud angels"

Evolution of Heritage

- Over the past half-century heritage theory, method, and scientific techniques have evolved.
- A benchmark was the recognition of the interplay of the physical conservation of monuments and sites and the role of intangible heritage in the authenticity of those sites.



the ancient libraries and mausoleums at the World Heritage Sites of Mali (Old City of Djenné, Timbuktu, Bandiagara Cliffs, Tomb of Askia) damaged by ISIS allies were recently repaired by masonry guilds that have done this work for centuries.

New Priorities

Priority: Heritage as a Means of Social and Economic Benefit

National Park Service

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

Natural Resource Stewardship and Science

2016 National Park Visitor Spending Effects

Economic Contributions to Local Communities, States, and the Nation

Natural Resource Report NPS/NRSS/EQD/NRR—2017/1421



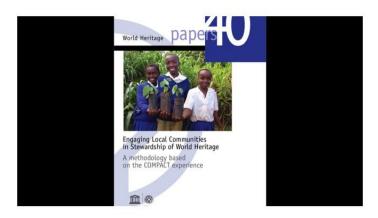
The US National Park Service has been assessing economic benefit to local communities for years

Making this replicable for US World Heritage Sites

Priority: Social and Economic Benefit

- Social and economic benefit generated by World Heritage Sites (our 2019 conference theme)
 - Tourism
 - Infrastructure development
 - Local identities
 - Awareness
 - Indigenous heritage
 - Culture-nature
 - 2030 SDGs
 - Rights-Based Approach

Working With Local Communities



The Economic and Social Benefits of World Heritage Listing in the United States



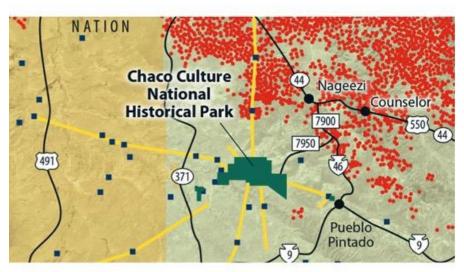
The Economic and Social Benefits of World Heritage Listing in the United States

The economic and social benefits of World Heritage listing are not well understood in the United States. This conference will provide perspective on the impact of World Heritage designation as well as provide an opportunity to discuss lessons learned by a range U.S. World Heritage sites. Hear from local, national and international heritage experts from World Heritage sites such as the recently inscribed Frank Lloyd Wright sites, and sites that have been listed for many years, such as Chaco Canyon National Historical Park. The symposium will also examine the potential for social and economic benefit to sites on the United States Tentative List, looking at ways to begin planning now for future benefit to local communities.

Priority: Indigenous Heritage

 Engaging indigenous heritage groups in planning and management at World Heritage
 Sites
 Threats to US World Heritage Sites

Theme for future conference



Fracking

Who benefits economically?

What are the local economic opportunities curtailed?

How are traditional ways of life altered?

The Chaco culture landscape is vast and sacred to Native Americans

Priority: 2030 Sustainable Development Goals

- Encourage all US/ICOMOS members to be active in promoting the UNESCO 2030 Sustainable Development Goals in their communities
- How?

Localizing the UN 2030 Sustainable Development Goals

Sustainable
 Development
 Goals,
 California
 Preservation
 Foundation
 and others?
 The West leads
 the way



Priority: The Culture-Nature Journey (CNJ)

- Informing prospective and current members about our efforts to acknowledge and incorporate the connection between culture and nature in the management of World Heritage Sites and as this applies to their heritage issues
- US/ICOMOS led the way in working with IUCN and UCS.
- We are closely engaged with ongoing the CNJ, President, US/ICOMOS is the ICOMOS Advisory Committee representative to CNJ



Priority: Rights Based Approaches to Heritage

This initiative aims to gather and share examples of good practice which the ICOMOS community can learn from. It is also a way of showcasing the good work which ICOMOS is involved in and advocates for.

It is not just coincidence that ICOMOS National and other Committees are taking on these issues right now. These themes resonate with the ethical principles of ICOMOS and concern us all:

- Good governance procedures and practice
- Open, easy and inclusive access to participate
- Fair, full and diverse representation
- Understanding and practice of rights within the realm of cultural heritage – implicating duty bearers and rights holders

ICOMOS

DCOMNC 2018/12 4

Governance, Participation, Representation and Rights in Heritage
An initiative of the ICOMOS National Committees to share and learn from each









This paper starts with an invitation to all ICOMOS National Committees to participate and share case studies showing good practice relating to Heritage and governance, participation, representation and rights.

November 2018

Priority: Case Studies

ICOMOS Estonia

- RBA principles in protecting Lameman National Park cultural heritage: rightholders take part in government and legislation change
 - (1) local community defines and is active participant in defining cultural heritage;
 - (2) local community preserves and is the main partner in preserving and introducing cultural heritage,
 - (3) local community should have historical rights of using nature and heritage as resource;
 - (4) local community must give informed consent to the inventories and separate plans (including building plans) on their territory before it is put to action. Main mechanisms to do that are written there a well.
- An outcome of the 2020 US/ICOMOS
 Conference could be a case study on Grand
 Canyon, Chaco, etc, co-authored by a Native
 American group



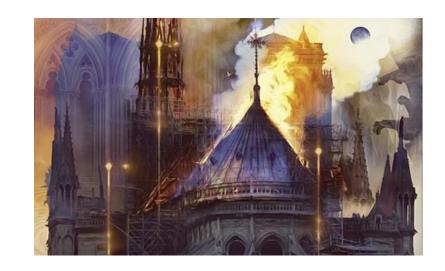
Priority: Emerging Professionals

Journey to Authenticity

Toshi Kono, ICOMOS President, has suggested a Journey to Authenticity. ADCOM is organizing an effort by the Emerging Professionals Working Group (EPWG) to offer new perspective on authenticity. The perspectives would be from each individual scientific and national committee.

In the US, Native American cultures hold the Grand Canyon and all forms of life in ot as sacred. To remove or add species would lessen authenticity in a sense.

Zoe Lueng will represent US/ICOMOS. Lead EPWG members is Stacy Vallis, ICOMOS New Zealand. Lead ACO member is Sheridan Burke. Australia.



US/ICOMOS Representatives to ICOMOS Working Groups

- Emerging Professionals: Zoe Lueng
- Climate Change: Adam Markham
- Culture-Nature: Douglas Comer (at present)
- Membership: Vacant
- Sustainable Development Goals: Wayne Donaldson
- Rights-Based Approach: Vacant
- Indigenous Heritage: Douglas Comer (at present)

US/ICOMOS Committees

- Activated
 - Executive Committee
 - IEP Committee
 - Advocacy
 - Conference Program Committee
 - Celebration of World Heritage
- Sequence of Activation:
 - Communication
 - Membership
 - Development
 - Personnel
 - Finance Committee

Regional National Chapters

- Much interest in this at ICOMOS International, Russia has just begun this and membership in ICOMOS Russia has increased dramatically
- Representation by regions that are concerned with under-representation (e.g., Puerto Rico in the US, other regions in other countries)
- Feasibility assessment of a US/ICOMOS
 West Coast Chapter (benefits to
 US/ICOMOS include more effective
 advocacy, localization of SDG 2030 goals,
 increasing membership)
 - CPF Meeting, 6-8 May 2019



Fundraising/Donations/Sustaining Sponsors

The United States National Committee for the International Council on Monuments and Sites (US/ICOMOS) is the only organization with the mission to monitor the needs of World Heritage Sites in the United States, to work with stakeholders at these sites, which range from the US Congress to representatives of Indigenous heritage groups, and to increase the recognition and prestige of US World Heritage Sites around the world as models of sound management and engines for regional social and economic benefit.

In recent years, US/ICOMOS has been deeply engaged in the World Heritage Program in the US and internationally. These connections have enabled us to contribute in many ways to realizing the objectives of the World Heritage Convention that was authored in large part by representatives of the US National Park Service.



